

China Resources Enterprise, Limited Final Results 2003

Growing Presence in a Booming Market



7 April, 2004

Agenda

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Final Results 2003

Opening Note / Results Highlights

Frank Ning Chairman

"Growing Presence in a Booming Market"



Results Highlights

- Turnover grew by 20% to a record HK\$34.7bn driven by the retailing and petroleum businesses
- Earnings grew 4% to HK\$1,455m despite the SARS impact
- Final dividend of HK14¢ proposed, bringing the full year dividend to HK24¢, a 9% growth from last year
- Payout ratio was 34% excluding the special interim dividend of shares in CR Cement distributed in July 2003
- Retail business was profitable in Q4 2003 and contributed HK\$13m earnings



Results Highlights

- There was continuous improvement at the supermarket division with losses reduced consecutively for the last two quarters
- Earnings contribution from petroleum and property businesses increased by 48% and 83% respectively
- With a 9% earnings growth, brewery business staged a major recovery in the second half; whilst food distribution and textile businesses were stable



Final Results 2003

Financial Summary

Francis Kwong Executive Director

"Growing Presence in a Booming Market"

Results Summary

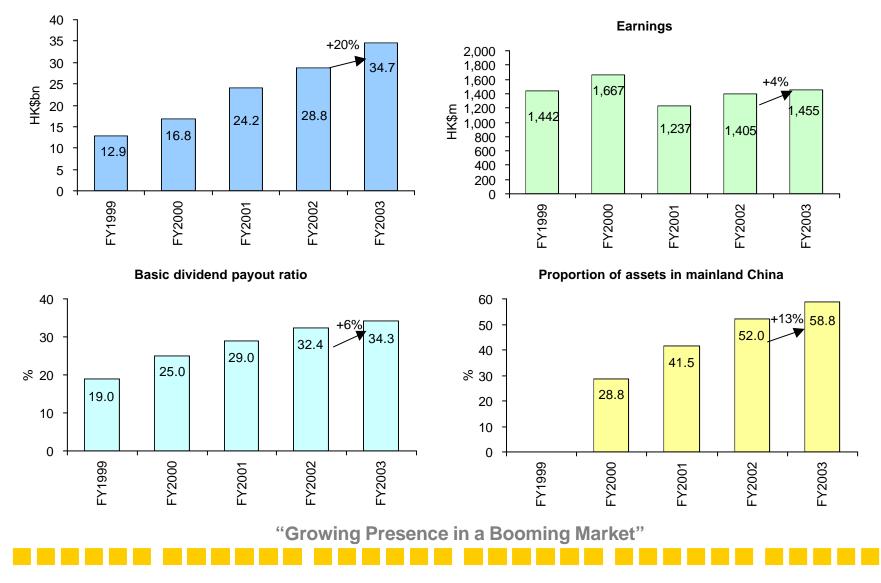
| Year end 31 Dec | FY2003 HK\$m | FY2002 HK\$m | % change |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------|----------|
| Turnover | 34,655 | 28,822 | +20 |
| Earnings | 1,455 | 1,405 | +4 |
| EPS (HK¢) | 69.9 | 67.8 | +3 |
| DPS ex-special dividend (HK¢) | 24.0 | 22.0 | +9 |
| DPS incl-special dividend (HK¢) * | 24.0 + CR Cement shares | 47 | na |
| Basic dividend payout ratio ex-special dividend (%) | 34.3 | 32.4 | +6 |

* There was a special cash dividend of HK25¢ per share paid in February 2002 for the disposal of our investment in a banking business. In July 2003, a special dividend effected by a distribution in specie of shares in CR Cement was paid (CR shares were distributed to CRE shareholders on a 1 for 10 basis and the stock closed at HK\$2.60 on 6 April 2004)



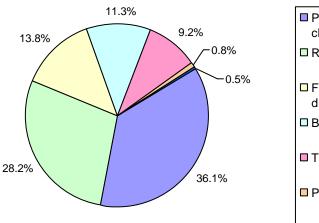
Five Year Trends

Turnover





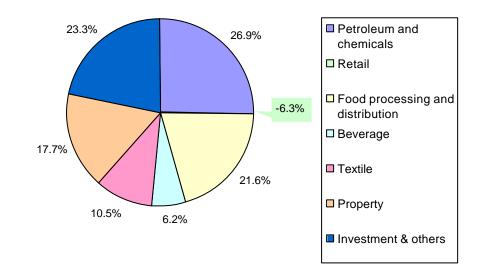
Contribution of Individual Divisions in FY2003



Turnover



Earnings



9



Turnover Breakdown – by Divisions

| Year end 31 Dec | FY2003 HK\$m | Prop (%) | FY2002 HK\$m | Prop (%) | % change |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|----------|----------|
| Petroleum and chemicals | 12,565 | 36 | 10,501 | 36 | +20 |
| Retail | 9,827 | 28 | 6,528 | 23 | +51 |
| Food processing and distribution | 4,801 | 14 | 4,803 | 17 | -0 |
| Beverage | 3,950 | 11 | 3,738 | 13 | +6 |
| Textile | 3,202 | 9 | 2,522 | 9 | +27 |
| Property | 280 | 1 | 357 | 1 | -22 |
| Investment & others | 180 | 1 | 518 | 2 | -65 |
| | 34,806 | 100 | 28,967 | 100 | +20 |
| Less: inter-co transactions | (151) | | (145) | | +4 |
| Turnover | 34,655 | | 28,822 | | +20 |

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Earnings Breakdown – by Divisions

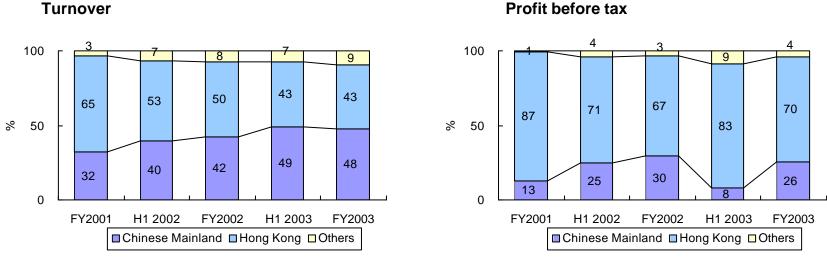
| Year end 31 Dec | FY2003 HK\$m | Prop (%) | FY2002 HK\$m | Prop (%) | % change |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|----------|----------|
| Petroleum and chemicals | 424 | 27 | 287 | 19 | +48 |
| Retail | (99) | (6) | 100 | 6 | -199 |
| Food processing and distribution | 340 | 22 | 338 | 22 | +1 |
| Beverage | 98 | 6 | 90 | 6 | +9 |
| Textile | 166 | 11 | 163 | 11 | +2 |
| Property | 279 | 18 | 152 | 10 | +83 |
| Investment & others | 368 | 23 | 411 | 27 | -10 |
| | 1,576 | 100 | 1,540 | 100 | +2 |
| Net corporate interest & expenses | (120) | _ | (135) | | -11 |
| Earnings | 1,455 | | 1,405 | | +4 |

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Geographical Breakdown of Turnover and Profit

- The proportion of turnover from mainland China increased to 48% from 42% in FY2002 though that of profit before tax decreased to 26% from 30%, as the mainland retail and brewery businesses were hit severely during the SARS outbreak in H1 2003
- For a more comparable H2 2003, about 46% of turnover and 40% of profit before tax were from mainland China



Profit before tax

Operating Environment CRE's business in 2003 Market in 2003 Mainland China (nominal GDP growth 9.1%) Retail - turnover of supermarkets up 113% - retail sales grew 12% to RMB4.6tn - turnover of brand fashion distribution up 13% Brewery - production volume grew 6.4% to 25.4m kl - brewery sales volume up 8.0% to 2.53m kl Textile - production of cotton yarns and fabrics - production of cotton yarns and fabrics increased by 16% and 9% increased by 30% and 11% Hong Kong (nominal GDP decline of 2.0%) Retail - retail sales declined 2.3% of which - supermarket sales decreased by 1.0% and - turnover of supermarkets up 11% - department store sales decreased by 2.9% - turnover of Chinese Arts & Crafts down by 22% - Chinese drugs and herbs sales up 3.3% - turnover of CR Care up 31% Food - locally produced and imported live pigs and - distributed 1.8m heads of pig and cattle from

Source: Census & Statistics Dept., HK SAR Government, National Bureau of Statistics of China

cattle amounted to about 2.2m heads

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mainland China into Hong Kong



Key Financial Data

- Strong balance sheet and the higher gearing was mainly due to the acquisition of businesses with high gearing and the increase in purchase of raw materials by the textile business
- Capex amounted to HK\$2,335m, including HK\$1,788m for addition of fixed assets and HK\$547m for acquisitions

| Year end 31 Dec | FY2003 | FY2002 | % change |
|------------------------------|---------|---------|----------|
| P&L | | | |
| Finance costs (HK\$m) | 225 | 312 | -28 |
| Interest income (HK\$m) | 69 | 140 | -51 |
| Capitalised interest (HK\$m) | 1 | 2 | -53 |
| Balance Sheet | | | |
| Current ratio (%) | 129 | 129 | +0 |
| Net cash/(debt) (HK\$m) | (2,856) | (1,483) | +93 |
| Shareholders' equity (HK\$m) | 13,443 | 12,939 | +4 |
| Minority interests (HK\$m) | 3,859 | 3,290 | +17 |
| Book NAV per share (HK\$) | 6.43 | 6.22 | +3 |
| Gearing ratio | 17 | 9 | +81 |
| Net debt to equity ratio | 21 | 11 | +85 |



Final Results 2003

Business Review

Francis Kwong Executive Director

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Petroleum and Chemical Distribution

- Earnings grew 48% boosted by the sharing of a gain from the disposal of our interest in the aviation fuel facility at the airport
- Overall sales volume of petroleum wholesaling fell by 3% as oil price stayed at high level affecting demand and gross margin dropped by 1%
- Earnings contribution from petrol stations was maintained with a considerable improvement in profitability in H2 2003 following the increase in LPG price in last August
- Chemical distribution business recovered from the price volatility during Iraq war and SARS with an earnings increase of 28%
- With more airlines signed up and a pick-up in the aviation industry, sales volume of jet fuel increased by 18% and gross profit margin was 2% higher
- Operated 18 petrol/LPG stations in Hong Kong and 22 in the mainland at the end of the year



Petroleum and Chemical Distribution

Turnover breakdown of petroleum and chemical distribution

| Year end 31 Dec | FY2003 HK\$m | FY2002 HK\$m | % change |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------|
| Petroleum | | | |
| - Diesel | 3,103 | 2,964 | +5 |
| - Fuel oil & ocean vessels | 4,725 | 3,925 | +20 |
| - Jet fuel | 1,588 | 1,130 | +41 |
| - Others | 291 | 271 | +7 |
| LPG | 672 | 595 | +13 |
| Chemicals | 1,346 | 1,005 | +34 |
| Petrol stations | | | |
| - HK | 638 | 632 | +1 |
| - Mainland China | 374 | 270 | +38 |
| Inter-co transactions and others | (171) | (291) | -41 |
| Total | 12,565 | 10,501 | +20 |





Retail business turnover and earnings breakdown

| Year end 31 Dec | FY2003 HK\$m | FY2002 HK\$m | % change |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|----------|
| Turnover | | | |
| - Supermarket | 7,881 | 4,570 | +72 |
| - Department stores in HK | 937 | 1,064 | -12 |
| - Brand-fashion in China | 1,009 | 894 | +13 |
| | 9,827 | 6,528 | +51 |
| Earnings | | | |
| - Supermarket | (107) | 66 | -262 |
| Department stores in HK | 27 | 30 | -10 |
| - Brand-fashion in China | (19) | 5 | -519 |
| | (99) | 100 | -199 |

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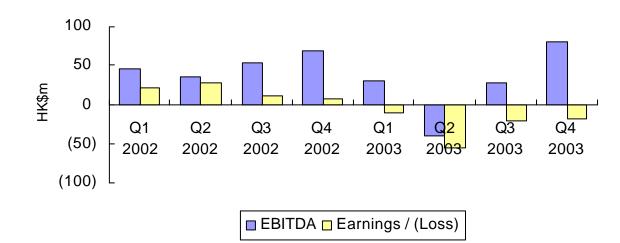
1. Supermarket

- Overall 72% turnover growth with 113% and 11% increases in mainland China and Hong Kong respectively
- Efforts to improve profitability have started to show effects with quarterly losses reduced from HK\$55m in Q2 2003 to HK\$21m in Q3 2003 and HK\$20m in Q4 2003
- A record quarterly EBITDA for the past two years of HK\$81m was achieved in Q4 2003, returning a positive EBITDA of HK\$98m for the full year, and there were positive EBITDA margins in both Hong Kong and mainland operations in Q4 2003 of 7.4% and 2.0% respectively
- Suguo became a subsidiary in October 2003 after raising our stake from 39.25% to 49.25% and it reported turnover of HK\$3,063m, up 25% from FY2002, and contributed earnings after goodwill amortisation of HK\$7m



1. Supermarket

 Including Suguo, we operated about 1,620 stores in Hong Kong and mainland China, of which 718 are self-operated and the remainders are franchised



Operational Turnaround



Retail

Supermarket turnover, EBITDA and earnings breakdown

| Year end 31 Dec | FY2003 HK\$m | FY2002 HK\$m | % change |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------|
| Turnover | | | |
| - HK | 2,017 | 1,818 | +11 |
| - China | 5,863 | 2,752 | +113 |
| | 7,881 | 4,570 | +72 |
| EBITDA | | | |
| - HK | 138 | 127 | +8 |
| - China | (40) | 76 | -152 |
| | 98 | 203 | -52 |
| Earnings | | | |
| - HK | 52 | 79 | -35 |
| - China | (138) | (9) | +1,394 |
| - goodwill | (20) | (4) | +420 |
| | (107) | 66 | -262 |
| EBITDA margin (%) | | | |
| - overall | 1.3 | 4.4 | -71 |
| - HK | 6.8 | 7.0 | -2 |
| - China | (0.7) | 2.8 | -125 |

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Supermarket network - CR Vanguard

| No of self-operated stores | 31-Dec-03 | 31-Dec-03 30-Jun-03 | | 31-Dec-02 | | |
|----------------------------|-----------|---------------------|-----|-----------|-----|----|
| No of franchised stores | | | | | | |
| I) Standard supermarkets | | | | | | |
| - Hong Kong | 82 | | 79 | | 77 | |
| - Beijing | 23 | | 24 | 2 | 24 | 2 |
| - Tianjin | 57 | | 60 | | 59 | |
| - Jiangsu Province | 93 | 4 | 91 | 4 | 95 | 4 |
| - Zhongshan/Zhuhai | 23 | 12 | 23 | 12 | 23 | 12 |
| - Shenzhen | 79 | 43 | 87 | 44 | 88 | 45 |
| | 357 | 59 | 364 | 62 | 366 | 63 |
| II) Superstores | | | | | | |
| - Beijing | 4 | | 3 | | 3 | |
| - Tianjin | 2 | | 2 | | 1 | |
| - Jiangsu Province | 6 | | 4 | | 3 | |
| - Hangzhou | 4 | | 4 | | 0 | |
| - Shenzhen | 4 | | 4 | | 1 | |
| - Zhongshan/Zhuhai | 8 | | 6 | | 2 | |
| - Guangzhou | 1 | | | | | |
| | 29 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| II) Hypermarkets | | | | | | |
| - Shenzhen | 9 | | 9 | | 8 | |
| - Guangzhou | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | |
| - Huizhou | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | |
| - Zhongshan/Zhuhai | 2 | | 2 | | 2 | |
| | 18 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 17 | 0 |
| Overall | | | | | | |
| - Hong Kong | 82 | 0 | 79 | 0 | 77 | 0 |
| - China | 322 | 59 | 326 | 62 | 316 | 63 |
| | 46 | 3 | 467 | | 45 | 6 |

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Supermarket network - Suguo

| No of self-operated stores | 31-Dec-03 | | 30-Jun-03 | | 31-Dec-02 | |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----|-----------|-----|-----------|-----|
| No of franchised stores | | | | | | |
| I) Convenience stores | | _ | | | | |
| - Jiangsu Province | 191 | | 174 | | 149 | |
| | 191 | | 174 | | 149 | |
| II) Standard supermarkets | | | | | | |
| - Jiangsu Province | 58 | 639 | 72 | 545 | 52 | 524 |
| - Anhui Province | | 162 | | 134 | | 130 |
| - Shandong Province | | 31 | | 27 | | 26 |
| - Henan Province | | 10 | | 7 | | 6 |
| - Hebei Province | | 2 | | 2 | | 2 |
| - Wubei Province | | 2 | | 2 | | 2 |
| | 58 | 846 | 72 | 717 | 52 | 690 |
| III) Superstores | | | | | | |
| - Jiangsu Province | 58 | | 31 | | 31 | |
| - Anhui Province | 7 | | 4 | | | |
| | 65 | | 35 | | 31 | |
| Overall in China | 314 | 846 | 281 | 717 | 232 | 690 |
| | 1,160 | | 998 | | 922 | |

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2. Department stores and brand-fashion

- Hong Kong department store business turned around from a loss of HK\$6m in H1 2003 to a net profit of HK\$27m for the full year despite a turnover decline of 12%
- Turnover of CR Care increased by 31% while that of CAC and CRC Department Store declined by 22% and 28% respectively, resulting in operating profit growth at CR Care and strong recovery at the other two
- At end of 2003, we operated 2 super-sized and 25 smaller-sized CR Care stores, 5 CAC stores and 2 CRC stores
- Brand-fashion in China reported a loss of HK\$19m but it became profitable in Q4 2003 with a net profit of HK\$1m
- There are 15 international brands presently and contracts with Shanghai Tang, Verri and Iceberg were terminated during the year
- Solid performance at Esprit with earnings growth of 12%





Brand-fashion business in the Chinese Mainland

| | 31-De | ec-03 | 30-Jı | un-03 | 31-D | ec-02 |
|----------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|
| No of self-operated stores | | | | | | |
| No of franchised stores | | | | _ | | _ |
| Alfred Dunhill | 26 | 9 | 27 | 13 | 29 | 5 |
| Blue Navy | 2 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 13 | 5 |
| Bruno Magli | 1 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 7 | 0 |
| CK Jeans | 27 | 19 | 18 | 15 | 21 | 11 |
| Christian Lacroix | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Emanuel Ungaro | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Esprit / Red Earth | 139 | 448 | 133 | 461 | 119 | 489 |
| Givenchy (and MBG) | 7 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 9 | 0 |
| Guess | 4 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Kenzo | 9 | 3 | 10 | 2 | 10 | 2 |
| Lanvin | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Pal Zileri | 5 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Piaget | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 25 |
| Polo | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Shanghai Tang * | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Verri * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| | 227 | 479 | 224 | 491 | 224 | 537 |
| Total | 70 | 6 | 71 | 5 | 76 | 51 |

* Terminated brands

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Food Processing and Distribution

- Earnings contribution increased by 1% with flat turnover due to the disposal of a stake in a seafood trading business in Hong Kong
- Active promotion of "Ng Fung" fresh meat and increased home-cooking during the SARS period led to a 4% turnover growth of foodstuff distribution but operating profit was down 8% as Hong Kong was in a deflationary environment and there was a surge in mainland livestock prices in Q4 2003
- Strong recovery at marine fishing with a 189% surge in operating profit
- Continued profit growth at the abattoir operation with stringent cost control measures
- Expansion into the mainland meat market has commenced using slaughtering as the control point for fresh meat supply chain
- Following the Shanghai meat processing project, a principle agreement was signed for the Shenzhen slaughterhouse project at the end of last year and we will continue to explore other major cities



Food Processing and Distribution

Turnover breakdown of Ng Fung Hong

| Year end 31 Dec | FY2003 HK\$m | FY2002 HK\$m | % change |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|----------|
| Foodstuff distribution | 3,163 | 3,049 | +4 |
| Food processing and stock raising | 1,435 | 1,537 | -7 |
| Abattoir operation, transportation and others | 290 | 301 | -4 |
| Inter-co transactions | (87) | (84) | +4 |
| | 4,801 | 4,803 | -0 |

Operating profit breakdown of Ng Fung Hong

| Year end 31 Dec | FY2003 HK\$m | FY2002 HK\$m | % change |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|----------|
| Foodstuff distribution | 271 | 294 | -8 |
| Food processing and stock raising | 76 | 38 | +98 |
| Abattoir operation, transportation and others | 96 | 89 | +8 |
| | 443 | 421 | +5 |





<u>Beverage</u>

- Turnover growth of 6% with sales volume increasing 8% to 2.53m k litres, consolidating our market position as the second largest brewer on the mainland
- Average selling price fell 3%, recovering from a 6% drop in H1 2003, and gross margin was in line with last year
- Earnings contribution increased by 9%, compared with a 34% decrease in H1 2003, implying an 42% earnings growth in H2 2003
- Annual production capacity amounted 4.2m k litres after acquiring Lidu in Beijing in January 2003
- Organic sales volume growth was 5% with strong earnings performance at Shenyang, Sichuan, Tianjin and Anhui

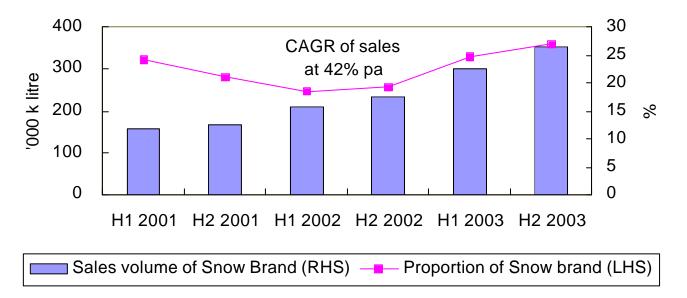


<u>Beverage</u>

- There were three loss making breweries last year, same as that of FY2002
- Sales volume of our national brand, Snow, increased by 48% to about 654,000 k litres, representing 26% of the total volume sold
- About two-thirds of Snow were sold outside Shenyang and 10% in districts where we do not have brewery respectively, reflecting its rapid penetration
- To facilitate national brand development and brewery management, we have been acquiring the minority stakes from the jv partners, including the Wuhan and Jilin breweries last year
- The joint venture with Qianpi in Zhejiang signed in March this year will raise our production capacity to 4.7m k litres and expand our geographical coverage to the Eastern region



Sales volume of Snow brand and its significance



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Beverage

~^

Sales volume by brewery

| Year end 31 Dec | Province | Area | No of breweries | FY2003 '000 k litre | FY2002 '000 k litre | % change |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------|
| I) Breweries acquired prior to FY2002 | | | | | | |
| Shenyang | Liaoning | North East | 3 | 419 | 404 | +4 |
| Dalian | Liaoning | North East | 2 | 165 | 199 | -17 |
| Jilin | Jilin | North East | 1 | 220 | 213 | +3 |
| Tianjin | | Central | 1 | 115 | 105 | +10 |
| Anshan | Liaoning | North East | 1 | 84 | 84 | -0 |
| Anhui | Anhui | Central | 2 | 235 | 204 | +15 |
| New Three Star | Heilongjiang | North East | 1 | 172 | 146 | +18 |
| Liaoyang Meiyue | Liaoning | North East | 1 | 24 | 26 | -9 |
| Blue Sword (incl Mianyang and Leshan) | Sichuan | South West | 12 | 712 | 667 | +7 |
| Changchun Snow Leopard | Jilin | North East | 1 | 73 | 68 | +8 |
| II) Breweries acquired in FY2002 | | | | | | |
| Wuhan Dongxihu | Hubei | Central | 2 | 259 | 228 | +14 |
| Panjin | Liaoning | North East | 1 | 33 | | na |
| III) Breweries acquired in FY2003 | | | | | | |
| Beijing | | Central | 1 | 21 | | na |
| | | | 29 | 2,532 | 2,344 | +8.0 |
| Existing breweries | | | | 2,219 | 2,115 | +4.9 |

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<u>Textile</u>

- Earnings grew 2% to HK\$164m and turnover expanded by 27%
- The spinning and weaving division reported a 21% earnings growth but the effect of high cotton price started to sip in in Q4 2003
- Production of cotton yarns and fabrics increased by 30% and 11% respectively to 46,300 tonnes and 194m metres
- Earnings contribution from the garment division reduced by 18% as there was a longer time lag for its end products to be raised price to compensate for the higher cotton price
- With 10 textile plants, total capacity of the business is now about 830,000 spindles, 13,000 looms, 6 printing and dyeing lines, an annual production of 100,000 tonnes of yarns, 230m metres of grey fabrics and 50 million meters of finished fabrics
- Since the commencement of the HK\$700m technology upgrade program in late 2002, about HK\$550m have been invested "Growing Presence in a Booming Market"





Turnover and earnings breakdown of the textile business

| Year end 31 Dec | FY2003 HK\$m | FY2002 HK\$m | % change |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|----------|
| Turnover | | | |
| - Spinning and weaving | 1,894 | 959 | +98 |
| - Garment | 908 | 984 | -8 |
| - Textile trading | 340 | 569 | -40 |
| Others and inter-co transactions | 60 | 9 | +560 |
| | 3,202 | 2,522 | +27 |
| Earnings | | | |
| - Spinning and weaving | 94 | 78 | +21 |
| - Garment | 36 | 44 | -18 |
| - Textile trading | 13 | 10 | +24 |
| Others and inter-co transactions | 24 | 31 | -24 |
| | 166 | 163 | +2 |

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Property and Others

- There was a residual property development profit due to the writeback of over-provided construction cost for our last project
- With Argyle Centre's change from own use into property investment, there is a decrease in deferred tax liability of about HK\$60m
- Excluding the HK\$15m gross rental income loss during the renovation of Argyle Centre during May to August, gross rental income would have fallen by only 5% in FY2003

Property business turnover and earnings breakdown

| Year end 31 Dec | FY2003 HK\$m | FY2002 HK\$m | % change |
|--|-------------------|-----------------|------------|
| Turnover | | | |
| Property development | 22 | 71 | -69 |
| - Rental properties | 258 | 287 | -10 |
| | 280 | 357 | -22 |
| Earnings | | | |
| Property development | 41 | 12 | +234 |
| - Rental properties | 226 | 197 | +15 |
| - Provision on rental properties | 12 | (57) | -120 |
| | 279 | 152 | +83 |
| | "Growing Presence | in a Boomi | na Markot" |



Property and Others

- As the economy gradually recovers, occupancy rates of our office premises improved while that of retail premises remained high
- Hong Kong and Yantian deepwater port operations reported combined throughput growth of 8% and EBIT growth of 13%

Occupancy rates of the major rental properties (av for the year)

| Year end 31 Dec | Туре | Occupancy rates % | |
|-----------------|------|-------------------|--------|
| | | FY2003 | FY2002 |
| CRE Building | Off | 84 | 82 |
| • | | | - |
| Argyle Centre | Ret | 82 | 100 |
| Hennessy Road | Ret | 100 | 100 |
| Lok Sing | Ret | 100 | 100 |
| Nan Fung | Ret | 94 | 91 |
| Silvercord | Ret | 100 | 100 |
| Star House | Ret | 73 | 99 |



Final Results 2003

Strategies and Prospects

Charley Song Deputy Chairman & Managing Director

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Strategy Implementation

- At the corporate level, to capitalize on the booming consumer market on the mainland and maximize the synergies among our businesses, we are committed to a unique retail-led distribution model
- Our food, beverage and textile operations have started to form part of the supply chain for our supermarket business
- Ng Fung Hong, for example, is the single largest supplier to our supermarkets in Hong Kong and its gradual expansion into the mainland meat market will complement our mainland supermarkets
- To help Snow penetrate into mainland provinces where we do not have any brewery, the beer was introduced to our supermarket operation in last October
- The garment division of our textile operation is also looking into the possibility of manufacturing apparel-related private labels for our supermarket operation



Strategy Implementation

- At the business level, the new management team at our supermarket operation has successfully implemented strategies in the second half of the year to turnaround the business
- The sales of Snow have been encouraging and to facilitate national brand development and centralized management, our brewery business has also been acquiring the minority stakes from its joint venture partners
- The technology upgrade program at our textile business is expected to enhance our operational efficiency and increase the proportion of higher end products, boosting the overall margins
- Our food distribution business has also entered the mainland meat market with a target on the major cities



Prospects

- Mainland China is at the heart of our growth and we have been building up presence in this important market
- For the first year, our revenue from the mainland exceeded that of Hong Kong, accounting for 48% of the total revenue
- In addition, we have rising exposure to the mainland and Hong Kong consumer market, driving the overall development of the company
- About two-thirds of our turnover and half of our earnings are now consumer-related
- For our retail business, last year is the first year after acquisition of CR Vanguard and our focus had been placed on organizational realignment



Prospects

- This year, with a much stronger and energized team in place, we will look for business optimization, including strengthening our supply chain, developing long term relationship with suppliers, building model stores for future expansion and establishing a respectable supermarket brand
- With our unique business model, prudent strategy execution and strong financial position, we are optimistic about the prospects for further growth



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